

PERIODICAL PUBLICATION OF NEJAT SOCIETY

Nejat Newsletter

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COMPLAINS TO UN COMMITTEE ON ENFORCED DISAPPEARANCES

Pourabdollahi family complains to the UN Committee on Enforced Disappearances against the Albanian government

Greetings and Regards

I am Fatemeh Pourabdollahi, the sister of Hussein Pourabdollahi. Hussein served in the Iranian army in 1986.

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At that time, Iran was involved in the war with Iraq and Hussein was sent to war zones. There he was abducted and taken hostage by the MEK.

In his letters to us, he expressed his nostalgia for the family and he wanted to return to his family as soon as possible. However the MEK cult kidnapped him and since then we have been deprived of seeing him now for more than 30 years.

The MKO cult is currently based in Albania and does not allow us to have any contact with Hussein. We are completely unaware of him.

Due to the corona (Covid-19) epidemic in the world, we are worried about Hussein's health. The Albanian government is not cooperating with us either. We want to contact Hussein and pave the way for his return to Iran.

Please help us in this regard according to your authority.

Thanks,

Pourabdollahi family,

Iran, Kerman province, Rafsanjan

Email: pourabdollahi.f@gmail.com

Trial Or MKO Propaganda? False alarm in EU, Assassination in Tehran

Iranian diplomat refuses to attend 'political trial' in Belgium

[Press TV](#)

November 29, 2020

An Iranian diplomat, who was arrested back in 2018 on the false charges of being linked to a bomb attack plot in the French capital of Paris, has refused to turn up for trial in Belgium.

with a 38-year-old man and a 33-year-old woman, in Belgium with 500 grams of the homemade explosive TATP and a detonation device found in their car.

Germany extradited to Belgium the 46-year-old diplomat in defiance of Vienna Convention on Diplomatic Relations 1961.

Iran says its diplomat arrested in Germany on the false

scheduled to take place on Thursday and the court is then expected to adjourn its verdict before ruling early next year.

Following Assadi's apprehension in Berlin, the director general for Europe affairs at Iran's Foreign Ministry met German ambassador Michael Klor-Berchtold to convey the Islamic Republic's strong opposition to the arrest, detention and extradition of the Iranian diplomat and said the move was part of a manufactured plot by those opposing Iran-Europe relations and was planned by the MKO itself.

Iran's Foreign Minister Mohammad Javad Zarif also said that the claims about Assadi constituted a "sinister false flag ploy."

The MKO has conducted many assassinations and bombings against Iranian officials and civilians since the 1979 victory of Iran's Islamic Revolution. It notoriously sided with former Iraqi dictator Saddam Hussein during his 1980-88 war on Iran.

Out of the nearly 17,000 Iranians killed in terrorist assaults since the Revolution, about 12,000 fell victim to the MKO's acts of terror.

The terrorist outfit was on the US list of terrorist organizations until 2012. Major European countries, including France, have also removed it from their blacklists. The anti-Iran terrorists enjoy freedom of activity in the US and Eu-



In June 2018, Belgian authorities said that Iranian diplomat Assadollah Assadi had been arrested in Germany over suspicions of plotting a bomb attack on a meeting of the terrorist Mujahedin Khalq Organization (MKO) in Paris attended by US President Donald Trump's lawyer, Rudy Giuliani, and several former European and Arab ministers.

The authorities added that Belgian police had intercepted the suspect, along

charges of being linked to a bomb attack plot in Paris enjoys full diplomatic immunity.

Dimitri de Beco, the Iranian diplomat's defense lawyer, said he would be representing his client and that Assadi did not attend the court on Friday as he was seeking diplomatic immunity.

De Beco also added that the plaintiffs were turning the case into a political trial on behalf of the MKO. The next session of the trial is

rope, and even hold meetings with American and EU officials.

Western and European countries have also kept silent about the latest targeted killing of Iranian physicist Mohsen Fakhrizadeh by terrorists in his vehicle in a small city east of the capital Tehran.

Prominent Iranian physicist Mohsen Fakhrizadeh is assassinated in a terrorist attack near Tehran, the Defense Ministry says.

The Iranian Foreign Ministry roundly condemned the terror attack, saying there were "serious indications" of the Israeli regime's role in the assassination.

Fakhrizadeh's name was mentioned multiple times in a presentation in 2018 by Israeli Prime Minister Benjamin Netanyahu, during which he repeated baseless claims about the Iranian nuclear program.

Netanyahu described the scientist as the director of Iran's nuclear program and threatened, "Remember that name, Fakhrizadeh."

The Tel Aviv regime has made several attempts over the past years to throw a wrench in Tehran's peaceful nuclear work.

The regime has been behind the assassination of several Iranian nuclear scientists. It has also conducted cyberattacks on Iranian nuclear sites.

DENIED RIGHTS OF FAMILIES OF MEK MEMBERS

The Parents, wives and [children](#) who miss their loved ones in the Mujahedin Khalq Organization (the MEK, MKO, PMOI, Cult of Rajavi) are probably the most ignored people in the mass media, although their case of human rights violation is one of the most critical ones. Their rights of contacting their loved ones in the MEK have been violated by the MEK leaders for over three decades.

On the other side, the basic rights of those who are in the MEK are violated on daily basis because they do not have access to the outside world. There is no supervision on the cult-like regulations of the group. Being deprived of contacting their loved ones, the MEK members are forced labors, kept in forced celibacy under the strict jargons of a manipulative ideological system under the leadership of Maryam and Masoud Rajavi.

Defectors of the group are living witnesses whose testimonies should be taken serious by the human rights activists.

Bagher Mohammadi is the most recent defector of the MEK who, a few weeks ago, escaped the group to enjoy the rest of his life in free world. He was a soldier of the Iranian army in Iran-Iraq war when he was confined by the MEK forces in 1988. He was taken as a hostage by the group for 32 years. His family has been looking forward for his release during these years.



In the official statement that Bagher published after his defection from the MEK he announced that the group leaders had never informed him about the actions his family had taken in order to visit him. "In those days, my family had come to camp Ashraf several times," he writes. "My mother and my brother had come but I was never told about them. When I defected the group in Albania I could manage to contact my family and then I got to know that they had tried a lot to visit me in the MEK."

The MEK's footprint in the assassination of the Iranian nuclear scientists

November 29, 2020

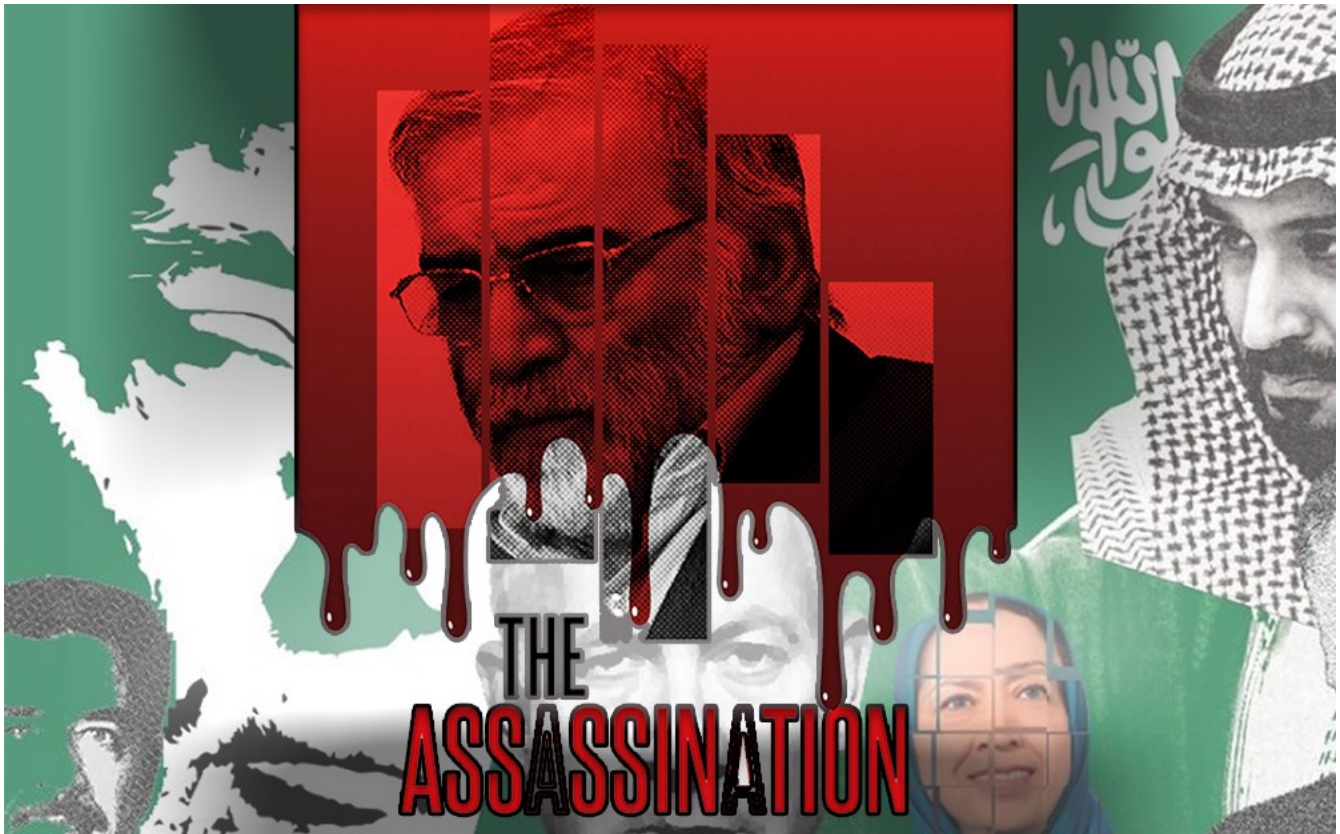
The assassination of the Iranian nuclear scientist Mohsen Fakhrizadeh once more draws attentions to the [long-time record](#) of the Mujahedin Khalq Organization (the MKO, MEK, PMOI, Cult of Rajavi) as a terrorist group that has been involved in numerous terrorist attacks against the Iranian political and military authorities and more recently the [Iranian nuclear scientists](#).

Opiniojuris reads: "Deadly attacks on Iranian nuclear scientists are being carried out by an Iranian dissident group that is financed, trained and armed by Israel's secret service, U.S. officials tell NBC News, confirming charges leveled by Iran's leaders."

Besides, more evidences are found in the MEK propaganda websites. The group held one of its so-called press

site that is "building nuclear weapons".

"Alireza Jafarzadeh, an NCR representative, said that a body called the Organization for New Defense Research (SPND) had expanded its work since Iran's 2015 nuclear agreement with world powers (known as the JCPOA, Joint Comprehensive Plan of Action) limiting its atomic program," report-



In November 2012, following the assassination of at least five [Iranian nuclear scientists](#) between 2007 and 2012, the [NBC](#) News revealed that [Israel](#) and MEK were responsible for murdering Iranian scientists. The report of

conferences in its Washington office last month.

There, Alireza Jaafarzadeh, the group's propaganda figure, claimed that Dr. Fakhrizadeh was a "Revolutionary Guard commander" who supervised a

ed Iran International.

"Jafarzadeh said that the SPND, which he claimed oversees weaponization, was active at new site in Sorkheh Hesar, east of Tehran, under the supervi-

The MEK's footprint in the assassination of the Iranian nuclear scientists

sion of a Revolutionary Guard commander he named as Mohsen Fakhrizadeh. Jafarzadeh displayed aerial images of this alleged new site, and of a second site at Khojir, near Sorkheh Hesar, that he said was producing ballistic missiles."

One month after the so-called revelations, the deadly terrorist attack on Mohsen Fakhrizadeh recalls us the same pattern of MEK-Mossad collaboration, the NBC News has already exposed this fact. Numerous experts and analysts did not hesitate to point out to the MEK's part in the assassination.

Reza Nasr, an international law expert from Geneva's Graduate Institute of International and Development Studies, tweeted a few hours after the terror attack: "The @StateDept revoked the designation of MEK as a FTO on the ground that it renounced to violence and had not seemingly committed acts of terror for a decade. MEK's likely involvement in today's terrorist operation in Iran should overturn that decision. #Fakhrizadeh." In another tweet in Persian, he asserts that legal actions should be taken to relist the MEK as terrorist organization in case that its part in the assassination is confirmed.

Trita Parsi, the co-founder

and Executive Vice president of the Quincy Institute for Responsible Statecraft and the founder and former president of the National Iranian American Council also tweeted: "Israel has, however, used operatives from the Iranian terrorist organization the MEK in the past to conduct attacks in Iran. The MEK is the group that introduced suicide assassinations to Iran." He correctly refers to the MEK as the first terrorists in the history of the Islamic Republic of Iran.

Olsi Jazexhi, an Albanian historian, specialized in the history of Islam, nationalism and modernity is also a very motivated human rights activist interested to aid families of the MEK members who are not allowed by the MEK leaders to visit their loved ones in the group's camp in Albania. Jazexhi does not deny the part of Rajavi's group in the recent assassination. "Did Israel and Albanian based #MEK – #Maryam_Rajavi mafia assassinate the Iranian scientist #MohsenFakhrizadeh?" he tweeted.

Pouya Alimagham, a historian of the modern Middle East and specializes on Iran, Iraq, and the Levant, tweeted about the MEK's reaction to Fakhrizadeh's terror: "Notice how the #MEK cult members & leadership haven't condemned or really

said anything about the unprovoked assassination of the Iranian scientist. They're quietly hoping they'll be a war w/#Iran. They think the ends (achieving power) justifies the means (war & imploding Iran)."

Massoud Behnoud, a prominent Iranian journalist and writer and a critic of the Iranian government tweeted in Persian telling of his common sense about the part of the MEK in the terror. "Today, Israel has the tools of bluff and show-off but a naughty feeling tells me that the assassination of Fakhrizadeh the nuclear scientist is the work of Mujahedin. Or, at least they had a primary part in it

Although, the MEK claims that it renounced violence in 2002 and this claim was the base of the arguments that ended with its removal from the list of Foreign Terrorist Organizations of the US State Department in September 2012, investigations and evidences demonstrate that it has never renounced violence, at least not until a few days ago. The main proof is the message of the disappeared leader of the group Massoud Rajavi on October 2020 in which he promised to kill more of the Iranians and also reaffirmed the killing of 17000.00 Iranians so far.

Mazda Parsi

WITH TRUMP GONE, IS THE MEK FINISHED?

Aawa Association (Mardom TV),

November 20 2020:

ONLINE DEBATE ON MARDOMTV.COM

of the MEK in America, Albania and Europe.

Panellists:

Mr Sina Toossi, Senior Research Analyst at the National

Dr Olsi Jazexhi, Albanian-Canadian Historian, media presenter, Albania

Mr Reza Jebelli Sadeghi, former MEK official in the USA, now working in the EU Parliament, Brussels



Mr Parsa Sorbi moderated an online debate on Mardom TV on Friday 20th November (at 11am New York time, at 17pm Germany time, at 19:30pm Teheran time).

Broadcast live on Facebook and YouTube, a panel of experts discussed the question.

<https://www.mardomtv.com/>

<https://www.facebook.com/mardomtv/>

<https://www.youtube.com/c/ParsaSorbiMardomTV/>

The program was in English.

PART ONE – POLITICAL CONTEXT

In this section, experts talked about the effect of the Trump administration on the fortunes

Iranian American Council (NIAC), Washington

Mr Massoud Khodabandeh, Middle East Strategy Consultants, former MEK member, UK

PART TWO – MEK IN ALBANIA

This section focused on MEK activities and behaviour since arriving in Albania and local reactions.

Panellists:

Mr Gjergji Thanasi, award winning investigative journalist, Albania

Ms Migena Bala, lawyer from Tirana, Albania



Mr Hassan Heyrani, businessman in Tirana, former MEK member representing the ex-members in Albania from Tirana

PART THREE – MEK AND HU-

MAN RIGHTS ABUSES

This section drilled down into the behaviour of the MEK in relation to Albanian civic life and lives of the membership.

Panellists:

Mr Edward Termado, Armenian-Iranian former POW (Iran-Iraq war) and former MEK member, Germany

Ms Anne Singleton, Open Minds – Cults and Deradicalization expert, UK

CONCLUSION

Returning to the question – With Trump gone, is the MEK finished? – panellists offered their analyses and answered audience questions

* * * * *

With Trump gone it may now be possible to find workable solutions to the issues raised in this debate.

The horrible situation of individual MEK members can be effectively resolved by providing them real choice about their futures.

A cost effective and straightforward plan would be to issue visas to their families and allow them to visit their loved ones in the camp.

Once reconnected to this network of support, members can choose whether to remain with the MEK or live freely with their loving families for the remainder of their lives.

MEK in denial over Trump loss

Nov 13, 2020

Throughout the [U.S. election campaign](#), the whole of MEK from top to bottom, including Massoud Rajavi from his grave, backed Trump to the hilt claiming that there is no way he would lose. This, of course, was wishful thinking. When they found he had lost, MEK went quiet and didn't make any statement. This is contrary to their usual behaviour when they immediately jump to the other side and congratulate them. This time they didn't. In this case they were waiting for the Saudi reaction, so when the Saudis sent cold diplomatic congratulations to Joe Biden MEK issued a statement on behalf of Rajavi that it's not about Trump and we'll topple the regime ourselves. It's as though they haven't uttered a word before in support of Trump. Significantly, this is only the second occasion in the life of the MEK that they have not jumped to support the other side. The last time was after the fall of Saddam when they kept their links and contacts with the Saddamists. Analysts believe the MEK have decided their only hope is to stay with the Neocons.

American writers have sniffed out MEK's interference in the country's national interest like a bad smell. From the Michael Brooks show identifying that [Trump pick for the Supreme Court, Amy Coney Barrett](#), had supported MEK in the past – one victim of cultic abuse supporting another incidence of cultic abuse perhaps! To Juan Cole in Common Dreams who dips his toe in the pro-Trump Proud Boy email spoof and comes up with the MEK as possible perpetrators. But, he says, '...really, guys, intelligence analysis isn't just tracing an ISP. You have to know geopolitics to know if something is plausible'.



**PERIODICAL PUBLICATION
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About Nejat Society

Nejat Society was founded by some former members of the Rajavi cult to release their friends who are still mentally and physically captive inside the Cult, and assisting their suffering families waiting for them in Iran.


Nejat Society

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MEK Invent Conspiracy Theories for Survival

MEK Problem For Albania Not Iran

Nov 13, 2020

[Anne Khodabandeh writes about the damage MEK does in Albania.](#)

For context adding, “the MEK are implicated in many violent incidents on European territory. In 2018, their presence finally became untenable. Sadly, Albania, under the American heel, is now forced to host this dangerous group.” In a detailed expose, Khodabandeh identifies MEK’s wild attempts to demonise and destroy critics among the former members.

The piece concludes that, “...in the last analysis it may be too late for the MEK to exert control over the external environment. From inside the camp, word is that the body of the camp is in chaos. Every day people are shouting and screaming and rebelling. They imprison someone and next day someone else kicks off. Dissent is getting out of hand...

With nothing but punishments and crackdowns to offer and no political wins to boast of beyond self-publicity, it is hard to see how she can recover the morale of the members. And as a lot of political leaders are discovering now, once you lose the trust of your people to lead you, there is nowhere to hide and nowhere to go but down.”