

Nejat Society wishes all readers a Happy New Year



The arrival of New Year 2026 brings fresh hope, new goals, and a chance to start again with positivity.

Across the world, people welcome the New Year by sharing heartfelt wishes, inspirational quotes, and warm messages with family, friends, colleagues, and loved ones.

Unfortunately, the families of members of the Mojahedin-e Khalq Organization (MeK, MKO) in Albania are deprived of any contact with their loved ones due to the organization's leaders' prohibitions and have not heard from them for many years.

It is hoped that this long-standing human rights problem will be resolved in the new year and that families will be able to visit the members trapped in the MeK camp in Albania.

INSIDE THIS ISSUE

1. Nejat Society wishes all readers a Happy New Year
2. Farman Shafabbin, MEK member who committed suicide
2. Massoud Rajavi and widespread sexual abuse of female members
3. Pregnancy was taboo in the MEK
3. Rebranding, too Difficult for the MEK
4. The black box of the torture camps of the MEK
4. About Nejat Society

Farman Shafabin, MEK member who committed suicide

December 3, 2025

Farman Shafabin was a member of the MEK who committed self-immolation in 1999. Farman had been recruited by the MEK from one of the Kurdish families who resided in the Ramadi Camp, Iraq.

During Saddam Hussein's rule, some Iranian Kurdish families resided in the Ramadi Camp in Iraq primarily due to the Iran-Iraq War and the subsequent unrest in Kurdistan, which led to their forced replacement across the border into Iraq. The Baathist government of

Iraq relocated these Iranian Kurds to a camp in Ramadi, west of Baghdad in 1981. The location was specifically called Tash, a camp near the city of Ramadi.

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After this meeting, Farman went outside and poured oil on his body. He returned to the hall, lit a lighter and set himself on fire. Other comrades tried to put him out. Then, he was sent to a hospital in Baghdad but died two days later.

<https://www.nejatngo.org/en/posts/16137>

A few MEPs who have expressed support for the MEK, view them as a viable opposition to the current Iranian government, while others have raised concerns about the group's past and present human rights record and cultic practices.

Massoud Rajavi and widespread sexual abuse of female members

December 10, 2025

Massoud Rajavi, the disappeared leader of the Mujahedin-e Khalq (MEK), has been accused of widespread sexual abuse of female members within his group, including forced divorces and sexual exploitation.

There are reports and testimonies that describe a systematic pattern of abuse under Rajavi's leadership, where women were forced to divorce their husbands and were subjected to sexual submission to Rajavi himself.

Former female members such as Batoul Soltani, Zahra Moini, have provided testimonies detailing about abuses, including forced sexual acts and manipulation of women into "marrying" Rajavi.

Soltani testified in various documentaries and investigative reports that Rajavi had hundreds of "wives" within Camp Ashraf, Iraq, as many as the number of members of the MEK's so-called Elite Council that consisted only female members.

<https://www.nejatngo.org/en/posts/16139>



Pregnancy was taboo in the MEK

ZHINA HOSSEINNEJAD SPEAKS OF GENDER SEPARATION IN THE MEK

December 22, 2025

Zhina (Zeinab) Hosseinnejad, a former child soldier of the MEK who spent her childhood and youth in the organization. Although she is now a staunch opponent of the Islamic Republic, she tries to inform Iranian public opinion about the nature of the destructive MEK cult by occasionally publishing accounts of her experience as a member of the group.

Zhina is one of the former child soldiers of the MEK who testified against the MEK in the Hamburg court in Amin Gol Maryami's case. She was also interviewed by some journalists and filmmakers in Europe.

This is her account on gender separation inside the MEK camps that she has recently published on the Facebook in Persian: "In 1995, I was about seventeen years old when I was discharged from the reception unit at Camp Ashraf and transferred to army units. At that time, army divisions and centers were mixed, only the workrooms, dormitories, sports, the distance between dining tables, and the rows of chairs in classrooms and meetings were gender-segregated.

After a while, perhaps only a few months, all the women were called to the Badi Zadeh camp near Baghdad for an important meeting. The meeting was held by one of the high-ranking officials named Nasrin (Mahvash Sepehri). She told everyone: "A woman has betrayed the ideological revolution. She had an affair with a man. They were seen behind a car. She was arrested and she will be soon punished."

<https://www.nejatngo.org/en/posts/16143>

Rebranding, too Difficult for the MEK

SHIFTING FROM VIOLENT ACTIVITIES TO POLITICAL ADVOCACY AND PROPAGANDA

December 27, 2025

While MEK has been attempting to rebrand itself, including its past designation as a terrorist organization by several states and its controversial internal structure, continues to be a significant impediment to a full image rehabilitation.

The group's violent attacks against Iranian civilians and authorities, its past alliance with Saddam Hussein during the Iran-Iraq war and reports on human rights abuses within its own ranks, are frequently cited by critics and remain a major obstacle to gaining widespread legitimacy inside and outside Iran.

<https://www.nejatngo.org/en/posts/16146>

About Nejat Society

Nejat Society consists of former members of the Mojahedin-e Khalq Organization (MEK, MKO, Rajavi cult) and the families of the present members

Nejat Society aims to:

inform as widely as possible about the real cultic nature of the MEK,

act as a pressure group to persuade the cult leaders to respect the rights of the members.

reunite the people who leave the MEK with their families.



Address

P.O Box 14145/119

Tehran, Iran

info@nejatngo.org



The black box of the torture camps of the MEK

JAVAD AHMADI AKA DR. VAHID

December 24, 2025



Javad Ahmadi, known as “Dr. Vahid,” is a physician who, after taking the medical oath, spent a large part of his life serving at in the health facilities in the headquarters of Mujahedin-e Khalq (MEK).

It seems that in the violent history of the MEK, which includes imprisonment, interrogation, and torture, Dr. Vahid, given his expertise, is a unique repository of secrets. He is actually a black box for the Rajavi’s system, particularly during the 1990s, at Camp Ashraf, Iraq.

According to the testimonies of many defected members, Dr. Vahid not only did not prioritize the treatment of MEK members, but also fully cooperated with the organization’s leaders in covering up many of the murders that occurred within the organization.

<https://www.nejatngo.org/en/posts/16144>